



2026 Alaska Chamber Priorities and Positions

State Priorities

Support a comprehensive approach to create a sustainable state budget that includes a meaningful state spending cap

The Alaska Chamber recognizes that to attract and sustain investment in Alaska, the State must create a stable state budget over the long term. The Alaska Chamber supports a comprehensive approach to include measured fiscal reforms and utilization of Permanent Fund earnings tied to a rules-based framework. This budgetary planning should:

- First, and foremost, include a meaningful state spending cap
- NOT Exceed the 5% POMV draw
- NOT diminish state services to a point where Alaskans lack access to core government services
- NOT require new taxes.

These actions will support a responsible, balanced, and sustainable state budget.

Support the consolidation of the Permanent Fund's Earnings Reserve Account and Corpus into one single account, along with limiting the Legislature's appropriation authority to no more than a 5% Percent of Market Value draw (POMV) from the single account

The Alaska Chamber supports the consolidation of the Earnings Reserve Account and Permanent Fund Corpus into one single account. Consolidating the two accounts into a single-fund model aligns with global best practices, ensures sustainable annual draws through the POMV structure, makes inflation proofing automatic, and protects the Permanent Fund from ad hoc legislative withdrawals. The Chamber also recognizes the necessity of amending Article IX, Section 15, Constitution of the State of Alaska, to limit the legislature's appropriation authority to allow transfers from the permanent fund to the general fund of not more than five percent of the average fiscal-year-end market value of the permanent fund for the first five of the preceding six years, including the fiscal year just ended. The Chamber will oppose any addition of any dedication of funds for any purpose. While the Chamber supports limiting an annual draw of no more than 5%, this position does not preclude support for transferring surplus funds back to the Permanent Fund.

Federal Priorities

Advocate for a federal regulatory structure that is balanced, predictable and stable.

The Alaska Chamber anticipates that there will be significant federal administrative and legislative actions that will impact Alaska's businesses and overall investment climate. The Chamber stands ready to engage on multiple fronts in support of our existing federal positions. The ability of Alaska to responsibly develop its wealth of natural resources and support a diverse private economy is paramount. Advocating for a stable and predictable federal regulatory and fiscal environment is a priority of the Alaska Chamber.

Support oil and gas exploration and development in Alaska's federal areas

The Alaska Chamber strongly supports oil and gas exploration and production in Alaska's federal areas; including the Beaufort Sea, Chukchi Sea, NPRA, Cook Inlet, and the 10-02 area of ANWR. The Chamber encourages Congress to enact revenue sharing for Alaska and local communities. The Chamber also encourages the Alaska Congressional Delegation, the Alaska Legislature and Governor to support and strongly advocate for responsible development of these valuable resources, while the Chamber commits to actively support and participate in the education and advocacy efforts to open these areas.

2026 Priorities and Positions

(S) 1. Oppose new targeted taxes

Oppose new industry-specific targeted taxes, including increases on existing targeted taxes, unless self-imposed by the industry. Increases in industry-specific taxes should not fund general services.

(S) 2. Reserve the authority to levy metal mining severance taxes to the legislature.

Only the legislature should have the authority to consider severance taxes for metal mines. The potential for municipalities to impose a targeted severance tax creates significant fiscal uncertainty for the metal mining industry and can threaten both the longevity of existing operations and the economic feasibility of projects. Benefits from metal mining should accrue to the entire state and should not be compromised by municipal or borough taxation. This does not impact the local authority to levy normal broad-based taxes such as property tax.

(S) 3. Support a reasonable cruise ship passenger fee level and use of those fees consistent with state and federal law

The Alaska Chamber supports reasonable cruise ship passenger fee levels and use of passenger fees which are consistent with state and federal law, the Commerce Clause and Tonnage Clause of the U.S. Constitution, and the comprehensive decision of the federal court in the case of *Cruise Lines International Association vs. The City and Borough of Juneau*, published at 356 F.Supp 3d 831 (D. Alaska 2018).

(S) 4. Support and encourage a positive investment climate that provides certainty and stability for statewide oil and gas activities; oppose efforts to increase oil and gas taxes

Support and encourage a positive investment climate that provides certainty and stability for statewide oil and gas activities; oppose efforts to increase oil and gas taxes. The Alaska Chamber opposes any proposal that would add to the cost of doing business in Alaska's oil and gas industry. Constantly changing fiscal policies on the state's largest economic driver stymies development, decreases opportunities for new production, and negatively impacts the state's economy. Any proposal brought forward should provide for a positive investment climate that provides certainty and stability for Alaska's oil and gas industry.

(S) 5. Support royalty oil sales

The Alaska Chamber supports state administrative and legislative approval of royalty oil contracts that use the same net back value as if the oil was sold out of state.

(B) 6. Support smart government investment in statewide destination marketing

Support smart and reasonable investment by the State of Alaska in statewide destination marketing managed by the Alaska Travel Industry Association.

(S) 7. Support decreases of barriers to entry for childcare, to increase availability of and access to childcare in Alaska

Predictable childcare enables a stable workforce. When employers can recruit and retain a qualified workforce that is not struggling with childcare issues, business, families, and the economy are strengthened. The Alaska Chamber encourages the Alaska Legislature, governor, and congressional delegation to work with the business community to identify fiscally responsible reforms to the childcare system.

(F) 8. Support the Bypass Mail Program

Alaska Chamber will help preserve Bypass Mail Program by demonstrating the impact the program has on the Alaska economy and the benefits to rural Alaska.

(F) 9. Support the expansion of the military presence in Alaska

The Alaska Chamber encourages the Alaska Legislature, Governor, and congressional delegation to work with the U.S. military to maintain current military investment and force structure in Alaska and to increase military missions, staffing, activity and investment.

(S) 10. Support the University of Alaska

A vibrant university that addresses Alaska's workforce requirements is vital for the education of our citizenry, the development of a highly trained workforce, and the research and development endeavors necessary to address the state's critical challenges. The Alaska Chamber urges the Alaska State Legislature and the governor to provide strong support for the University of Alaska's efforts.

(S) 11. Support Expedited and Efficient University of Alaska Land Conveyance Process

Now that a federal mechanism to remedy UA's land grant deficit is in place, UA must select 500,000 acres of land from the State's remaining general selections, and work with the Department of the Interior and Alaska Department of Natural Resources to receive up to 360,000 acres in conveyance. The Alaska Chamber urges the Alaska State Legislature and the Governor to support an expedited and efficient process of land selection and conveyance to the University of Alaska by December 31, 2027, so the lands can be monetized to support important work, including growing our workforce pipeline with Alaska-trained professionals, incubation of new businesses, and Arctic research.

(S) 12. Support the installation of shore power infrastructure across the State of Alaska to reduce carbon emissions

The maritime industry continues to reduce carbon emissions through the use of shore power, where available. Shore power capabilities in Alaska would benefit both cruise and community sustainability goals, advance decarbonization efforts across shipping sectors and help to future-proof cross-gulf cruise itineraries that feed Anchorage, Southcentral and Fairbanks regions.

(S) 13. Support Economic and Financial Learning in Alaska Schools

Allow Alaska educators to use economic and financial education training to fulfill continuing education requirements and encourage the State of Alaska and/or school districts to adopt financial education as a graduation requirement for students. The Alaska Council on Economic Education provides educators with basic economics training and access to an online library of lesson plans and resources for all subjects.

(S) 14. Support the Port of Alaska for its economic, military and transportation strategic importance for the State of Alaska

The Alaska Chamber supports the Port of Alaska (PoA) efforts to provide modern, safe and reliable Port operations. PoA is an Anchorage-owned facility that handles half of all Alaska inbound freight; some 4.3 million tons of cargo, fuel and dry bulk goods annually. Freight entering the PoA is distributed to some 600,000 Alaskans in 150 communities across the state. The PoA opened in 1961 and supports statewide prosperity, economic development, resiliency and national defense missions in Alaska, the Arctic and the Pacific Rim. PoA has exceeded its economic and structural design life and is failing due to corrosion

and obsolescence. Its dock piles have lost up to three-quarters of their original thickness. Structural failure would impact food security and have up to a \$14B negative economic impact to the state. The Alaska Chamber supports initiatives to ensure modernization plans are sound, cost efficient, have stakeholder alignment, and earn government approval.

(S) 15. Support collaboration between the State and electric utilities in the development of policy relating to electric system upgrades and generation diversification options that are feasible, economical, and result in a reliable and resilient system

The Alaska Chamber supports collaboration between the State and electric utilities in the development of policy relating to electric system upgrades and generation diversification options that are feasible and economical and result in a reliable and resilient system.

(B) 16. Support for overturning the application of the Roadless Rule in Alaska

The Alaska Chamber supports efforts to overturn reapplication of the Roadless Rule to the National Forests in Alaska.

(F) 17. Support for converting 2 million acres of the Tongass National Forest to a state forest

The Alaska Chamber supports efforts to convert 2 million acres of the Tongass National Forest to a state forest.

(F) 18. Oppose any further federal land withdrawals in Alaska, other restrictive land-management designations, and preemptive actions by regulatory agencies

The Alaska Chamber encourages the congressional delegation and the State of Alaska to support and advocate for responsible development of these valuable resources. The Chamber strongly opposes the federal government's continued erosion of Alaska's sovereign rights through federal law or administrative regulations. The Chamber will continue to challenge any unwarranted intrusions and defend Alaska's hard-fought guarantees under ANILCA to ensure our continued right to manage our natural resources.

(F) 19. Support increased responsible natural resource development by improving the efficiencies of the permitting process and gaining access to resources

The Alaska Chamber supports a significant increase in responsible natural resource development and encourages the Alaska Legislature and the administration to uphold Alaska's strong regulatory and permitting laws and policies that will facilitate additional exploration, site development, employment, infrastructure, research and natural resource production in Alaska.

(B) 20. Support development of environmental policies and regulations based on sound scientific basis over the precautionary method

The Alaska Chamber supports protecting public health and the environment through reasonable, carefully considered programs that are developed and implemented based on sound scientific arguments; credible, reproducible studies; and economic analyses. The Chamber opposes efforts to implement the “precautionary principle” in developing or implementing environmental programs and regulations. The precautionary principle presumes that many activities pose a risk to health and the environment, even without the presence of any scientific evidence that such risks are, in fact, present or related to a specific activity, and requires that precautionary measures be adopted or implemented to mitigate those assumed risks.

(F) 21. Advocate for a federal regulatory structure that is balanced, predictable and stable

The Alaska Chamber anticipates that there will be significant federal administrative and legislative actions that will impact Alaska’s businesses and overall investment climate. The Chamber stands ready to engage on multiple fronts in support of our existing federal positions. The ability of Alaska to responsibly develop its wealth of natural resources and support a diverse private economy is paramount. Advocating for a stable and predictable federal regulatory and fiscal environment is a priority of the Alaska Chamber.

(S) 22. Support State resource management authority in the bodies created for those purposes by the legislature

The Alaska Chamber should support the position of maintaining state resource management authority with the boards that were expressly created for that purpose by the legislature. In effect, the Chamber should oppose actions in which the legislature pre-empts management responsibility that is expressly provided to a board created by the legislature. In the case of commercial fisheries, the board process includes an extensive public process and is supported by agency expertise and scientific data. Overriding management actions can have long-lasting and unknown precedents on future management issues, beyond fisheries.

(S) 23. Support the Dalton Highway for its strategic importance to the oil and gas industry, North Slope communities, and the State of Alaska

The Dalton Highway is a crucial lifeline for Alaska, providing essential access to the Trans-Alaska Pipeline as well as the North Slope, the heart of the state’s oil and gas industry, and its many communities. This highway supports the transportation of vital supplies and equipment necessary for the development and operation of these industries. Its role as the main commercial artery ensures that projects can proceed on schedule, directly impacting the state’s economy. Without safe and reliable access via the Dalton Highway, the efficiency and success of oil and gas projects are significantly compromised. Therefore, this critical infrastructure is paramount to sustaining Alaska’s largest industry and ensuring the economic lifeline for the North Slope and ultimately providing benefits to all Alaskans.

(S) 24. Support Alaska joining multistate Nurse Licensure Compact

The Alaska Chamber supports Alaska formally joining the multistate Nurse Licensure Compact (NLC). The NLC is an agreement between states that allows nurses to have a single license to practice in any state that is a member of the compact. There are currently 39 states and jurisdictions in the compact.

(B) 25. Support the protection of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA)

The Alaska Chamber supports the protection of ERISA. Without ERISA, multi-state self-insured plans would find it nearly impossible to operate under conflicting state-based rules. Congress crafted ERISA to supersede or preempt any and all state laws as they relate to any employee benefit plan as defined under the law (subject to certain exceptions for insured health plans). ERISA prohibits states from regulating benefit plans as insurance in an effort to circumvent ERISA preemption.

(S) 26. Support comprehensive workers' compensation reform

The Alaska Chamber supports the enactment of systemic changes to the Alaska workers' compensation statutes to reduce the cost to employers while emphasizing effective treatment programs that promote injury recovery and the return to full employment of injured workers.

(F) 27. Support oil and gas exploration and development in Alaska's federal areas, including the Outer Continental Shelf (OCS), National Petroleum Reserve-Alaska (NPRA), Cook Inlet, and the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge (ANWR)

The Alaska Chamber strongly supports oil and gas exploration and production in Alaska's federal areas, including the Beaufort Sea, Chukchi Sea, NPRA, Cook Inlet, and the 10-02 area of ANWR. The Chamber encourages Congress to enact revenue sharing for Alaska and local communities. The Alaska Chamber also encourages the Alaska congressional delegation, the Alaska Legislature and governor to support and strongly advocate for responsible development of these valuable resources, while the Alaska Chamber commits to actively support and participate in the education and advocacy efforts to open these areas.

(F) 28. Support the U.S. Congress to secure a viable, long-term solution for the U.S. Federal Highway Trust Fund

The Alaska Chamber urges the US Congress to secure a viable, long-term solution for the Highway Trust Fund's (HTF) structural revenue deficit and recurrent insolvency. In late 2021, Congress signed off on the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act, which included both a five-year reauthorization of the HTF and a one-time transfer of general revenues into the Fund, extending its near-term solvency by five years, through 2027. The bill also authorized higher spending levels that have negatively impacted the program's long-term financial outlook. If spending levels from the infrastructure bill are maintained, dedicated revenue coming into the Highway Trust Fund over the coming decade will be sufficient to cover only about half of ongoing spending, and the trust fund will face a \$215 billion cumulative shortfall

through 2031. This unsustainable model puts our surface transportation infrastructure system at risk. It's time for Congress to roll up its sleeves and do its long-delayed part and pass a long-term, fully-funded HTF bill, which is needed to restore our deteriorating and seriously outdated network of highways, bridges and transit systems. This must, at a minimum, match current federal funding levels for roads, bridges, public transportation, and highway safety.

(B) 29. Support protecting and advancing Alaska native entity access to federal programs, funding opportunities, and consultation

Through the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act, Congress created Alaska Native Regional Corporations (ANC's) to assure the self-determination of Alaska Native people. Alaska's unique model involves a constellation of state, tribal, regional, village and non-profit entities working together to serve Alaska Natives. When Alaska Native entities are excluded from federal programs, funding opportunities, and consultations our people lose control over decisions related to ancestral lands, federal benefits, cultural, education and business opportunities. The definition of Indian Tribe as defined in the Indian Self Determination and Education Assistance Act of 1975 (ISDEAA) is often used by Congress in federal law to ensure the full participation of Alaska Native entities in federal programs, including critical social programs. ANC's face the threat of the federal government limiting Alaska Native entities inclusion in federal legislation.

The National Congress of American Indians (NCAI) are actively advocating for removal of Alaska Native Corporations right to consultation with Federal agencies in H.R. 3587, the Requirements, Expectations, Standard Procedures for Effective Consultation with Tribes (RESPECT) Act. This could limit Alaska Native voices on critical issues that would significantly impact Alaska Natives, our lands, and communities as well as participation in the Small Business Administration 8(a) Business Development Program.

(S) 30. Support ballot measure reform

Initiative petitions often ask voters to make simple yes or no decisions about complex issues without subjecting them to detailed expert analysis or the opportunity to participate through a public process. Changes in the initiative process should produce more transparency and better public policy in a comprehensive and balanced manner equally benefiting both voters and the legislative process.

(F) 31. Champion reform of National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA)

NEPA should be amended to include a two-year time limit on an EIS, and a maximum length of pages of an EIS. Each phase of the EIS should have time sublimits.

(B) 32. Modernizing Regulatory Frameworks for Advanced Recycling Technologies

The Alaska Chamber supports regulating advanced recycling operations as manufacturing facilities rather than solid waste disposal sites. This policy would encourage new Alaska manufacturing by

ensuring that post-use, recoverable plastics that are converted to plastic and chemical feedstocks or other valuable products via advanced recycling are classified as raw materials, not misclassified as solid waste. This action would provide much needed regulatory certainty for companies that may be interested in investing in and siting these types of facilities in Alaska. Advanced recycling refers to several different processes that use existing and emerging technologies that return post-use plastics to their basic chemical building blocks for creating a versatile mix of new plastics, chemicals, and other products of chemistry.

Companies are using advanced recycling technologies to complement ongoing traditional recycling efforts. Growing interest and investments in advanced recycling can reduce the amount of waste sent to landfills and help enable a transition to a more circular economy for post-use plastics.

(S) 33. Oppose unreasonable statutory and regulatory-required work quotas and employee minimums

The Alaska Chamber opposes unreasonable statutory and regulatory-required work quotas and employee minimums. There are growing trends from the Alaska legislature and the federal government of imposing work quotas, employee minimums, and staffing standards to limit the decision-making authority of businesses and organizations to run their operations. Whether it's work quotas in warehouses or minimum staffing ratios in healthcare, the Chamber opposes unreasonable government infringement on industry.

(B) 34. Support a stable policy environment that fosters innovation and trust of artificial intelligence (AI) technologies

The Alaska Chamber believes in AI's potential as a force for good to raise human productivity, spur data-driven innovation, and expand economic opportunity to benefit consumers, businesses, and all of society. Trustworthy AI encompasses values such as transparency, explainability, fairness, and accountability. Any governance frameworks should be flexible and driven by a transparent, voluntary, and multistakeholder process.

(B) 35. Support the responsible use of data

The Alaska Chamber believes that consumers benefit from the responsible use of data. Consumers have more options than ever when it comes to goods, services, information, and entertainment. Data-driven innovation and investment enable consumers to take advantage of faster, higher quality, and customized services at lower or no costs. Relying on data and technology requires policies that promote innovation, regulatory certainty, and respect for individual privacy and choice. Underpinning these efforts is a recognition that consumers must have assurance that data is safeguarded and used responsibly. Policies shall be applied consistently across all industry sectors.

(S) 36. Support third-party alcohol delivery

The Alaska Chamber supports the authorization of third-party alcohol delivery in Alaska. By permitting third-party services, the state can create a regulated, safe way for alcohol to be delivered. Additionally, this move would stimulate economic growth by creating new business opportunities and expanding the market for local distilleries and breweries. Supporting third-party alcohol delivery would align Alaska with more than 30 other states that have modernized their alcohol laws to allow third-party delivery.

(S) 37. Support independent contractor certainty for delivery network drivers

The Alaska Chamber supports securing independent contractor status certainty for delivery network company drivers in Alaska to align them with transportation network company drivers and preserve their flexibility.

(B) 38. Oppose the imposition of burdensome policies developed without meaningful consultation with Alaska's business community

The Alaska Chamber opposes the imposition of burdensome policies that are developed without meaningful consultation with Alaska's business community, fail to consider the logistical and economic realities of operating in remote or rural regions, or impose disproportionate compliance costs on small and medium-size businesses.

(S) 39. Support the repeal or revision of the paid sick leave policy enacted through Ballot Measure 1 in 2024

The Alaska Chamber supports the repeal or revision of the paid sick leave mandate enacted through Ballot Measure 1 (2024). The one-size-fits-all requirements have created significant unintended consequences for Alaska's economy, including reduced hiring, shortened operating hours, and diminished reinvestment in employees and communities. Advanced by Outside groups without consultation of Alaska's business community, this measure fails to account for Alaska's seasonal workforce, rural communities, and unique economic conditions. The Chamber urges policymakers to repeal or revise the mandate and work collaboratively with Alaska employers to develop flexible, locally tailored solutions that both protect employees and sustain business growth.

(S) 40. Support Fair Market Access for Alaska Seafood Exports

The Alaska Chamber supports removal of both tariff and non-tariff barriers for Alaska seafood exports and encourages the State to work closely with the Federal Government to advance fair and reciprocal trade in seafood. Alaska seafood is the State's largest value export and a significant economic driver in Alaska. US seafood exports face unfair barriers to entry, compared to foreign competitors in key markets, including Europe, Japan, China and the United Kingdom.

(B) 41. Support for the state's automation of titles, liens, notaries, etc. to an online or digital platform

The state has the opportunity to automate the processing of titles, liens, notary signatures, and others paper-based processes to improve access, delivery turnarounds and lower cost of operations.

(S) 42. Support workforce development to increase the number of qualified employees needed to fill positions in resource industries

The Alaska Chamber supports workforce development in the state, particularly as it relates to resource development and exploration.

(F) 43. Support Small Business Administration Native 8(a) contracting program

The Alaska Chamber supports Native 8(a) contracting due to the impact the program has on the Alaska economy and the benefits to Alaska Native corporations and tribal entities across the country.

(S) 44. Oppose State competition with private business

The Alaska Chamber encourages the State of Alaska to avoid competing with private business.

(B) 45. Support foreign and domestic private sector investments in Alaska's resource and manufacturing industries

The Alaska Chamber encourages the State of Alaska to implement policies, programs, and regulations to encourage, support and protect local, state, domestic and foreign private sector investments in Alaska's natural resource and manufacturing industries.